ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

CPA 21

Methane Recovery and Power Generation Project

Ref. No. 5979-007

CPA-21 Methane Recovery and Combustion with Renewable Energy Generation from Anaerobic Animal Manure Management Systems under the Land Bank of the Philippines' Carbon Finance Support Facility

June 2019

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

- BOD Biological Oxygen Demand
- CDM Clean Development Mechanism
- CFSF Carbon Finance Support Facility
- CMR Compliance Monitoring Report
- CSR Corporate Social Responsibility
- DENR Department of Environment and Natural Resources
- DNA Designated National Authority
- DO Dissolved Oxygen
- DOE Designated Operational Entity
- DP Discharge Permit
- ECC Environmental Compliance Certificate
- EMB Environmental Management Bureau
- EMF Environmental Monitoring Fund
- EPMD Environmental Program and Management Department
- ERPA Emissions Reduction Purchase Agreement
- ESMP Environmental and Social Management Plan
- ESSF Environmental and Social Safeguards Framework
- LBP Land Bank of the Philippines
- MOA Memorandum of Agreement
- MRF Methane Recovery Facility
- MSDS Materials Safety Data Sheet
- PCO Pollution Control Officer
- P.D. Presidential Decree
- PoA Program of Activity
- PPE Personal Protective Equipment
- PTO Permit to Operate
- R.A. Republic Act
- SMR Self-Monitoring Report
- SPA Subproject Agreement
- TSD Treatment / Storage / Disposal
- TSS Total Suspended Solids
- WTF Water Treatment Facility

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- B Health and Safety Risks Management Plan of CPA 21
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PURPOSE OF THE DOCUMENT

This Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) is prepared as part of the requirements of the Safeguards Framework for Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) projects implemented under the Carbon Finance Support Facility (CFSF) of the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP). The Environmental and Social Safeguards Framework (ESSF) was developed to ensure the establishment of protection, compliance, and mitigation measures for relevant environmental and social aspects of projects under the CDM program which covers the Methane Recovery and Power Generation Projects in pig farms.

Scope

Since the Methane Recovery and Power Generation Project is a key component of CPA 21's wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) – which handles the primary waste (manure) produced by its operations – this ESMP thus encompasses the operations of the entire farm described herein

1 PROJECT SUMMARY

The Methane Recovery and Power Generation Project of CPA 21, is an initiative developed under LANDBANK's CFSF. Its goal is to capture greenhouse gases, particularly methane from piggery wastewaters that would otherwise dissipate into the atmosphere, and convert them into electrical energy.

1.1 **Proponent Profile**

Proponent:	CPA 21
Business Address:	Cebu City, Philippines
President & CEO:	

Farm Name: Project Site: Farm Coordinates: CPA 21 Pinamungahan, Cebu

Project Type:Livestock ProjectPhilippine StandardIndustrial Classification:0145 - Hog Farming

Contact Persons

CPA 21

Farm Manager: Telephone No.: Pollution Control Officer: Telephone No.:

LANDBANK

Lending Programs Management Group: Designation: Telephone No.: Fax No.:

Emellie V. Tamayo Head / First Vice President (632) 405-7309 (632) 528-8542

Environmental Program

Management Department:Prudencio E. Calado IIIDesignation:Head / AssistarTelephone No.:(632) 405-7339Fax No.:(632) 528-8484

Head / Assistant Vice President (632) 405-7339 (632) 528-8484

1.2 **Pig Farm Profile**



Figure 1. Site layout of CPA 21

Farm area:	182,247 m ²
Production:	Farrow-to-Finish
Housing type:	Tunnel Ventilated
Capacity:	20,000 heads
Average population:	-
No. of Employees:	77
Operating hours:	24

Facilities observed at the farm are as follows: pig houses (29), staff house compound, administrative office (1, under construction), canteen (1), rest rooms, lagoons (4), biodigesters (2, 1-under construction), materials recovery facility (2), and groundwater extraction wells (2).

Water for the Farm's operations is sourced from two groundwater extraction wells found within the farm. The farm management has started its application to the National Water Resources Board (NWRB) for groundwater extraction well use. The farm is also connected to the local water district.

As of the site visit on December 2019, pig wastes are being directed to the site's 1st biodigester system. The farm currently does not utilize the methane produced for electricity production. Instead, the methane is flared. The farm intends to produce electricity once their 2nd biodigester is operational.

The Farm is connected to the grid of a local electricity concessionaire, Cebu III Electric Cooperative Inc (CIBECO III).

1.3 **Project Description**

The project covers the operation and installation of an anaerobic digester system and it ancillary facilities, including post-treatment wastewater lagoons and a biogas-powered electricity generation system. These are collectively referred to as the farm's methane recovery facility (MRF).

1.3.1 Components and Design

CPA 21's wastewater treatment process is as follows:

- Pre-Treatment, which involves the breaking down of relatively large digestible particles in wastewaters prior to entering the reactors;
- *Anaerobic digestion*, or the disintegration of biodegradable materials in the wastewaters through biological processes facilitated by microbes which thrive in the conditions promoted by the reactor; and
- *Post-Treatment* of biogas, effluent, and sludge resulting from anaerobic digestion.

Components of the farm's wastewater treatment facility will be updated once their biodigester systems are operational.

The biodigester, by design, is able to accommodate 4,320 m³ of pig wastes and capture enough methane to power the project facilities for an amount of time per day. The design and layout of the WWTF are in the construction plans in Appendix A. Properties and specifications of the WWT-MRFs, including capacities, outputs, and efficiencies, will be detailed in the succeeding version of this ESMP (see Section 4).

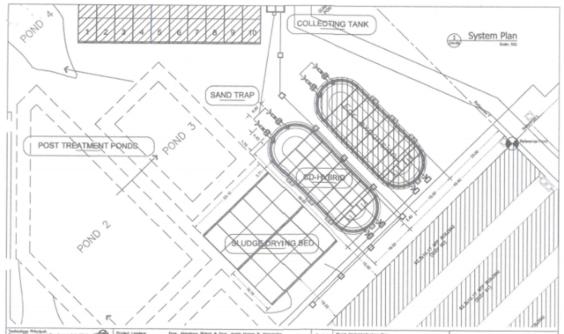


Figure 2. Floor plan of the biodigester of CPA 21





Table 1 presents the particular processes and components involved in the treatment of wastewaters in the Farm.

Pha	ase	Process	Component	No. of Units	Description / Equipment
	nt	Southing	Sand Traps	2	5.25 m x 2 m x 6 m
	Pre-treatment	Settling	Collection tank	1	2.5 m x 3.5 m x 1.5 m
	eatment	anaerobic digestion /	Biogas reactor fermentation chamber	1	48 m x 12 m x 1.5 m
	Anaerobic treatment	fermentation	Biogas reactor fermentation chamber	1	-not specified, under construction as of site visit-
	gas	combustion	scrubber system	1	-not specified-
	Biogas	combustion	generator set	1	280 kVa
tment	Effluent	clarification (settling, aeration)	Post treatment pond	4	-not specified-
Post-treatment	Sludge	Drying	Sludge drying bed	1	Concrete construction, multi-chambered

Table 1. Specifications of CPA 21's Wastewater Treatment Facility-Methane Recovery Facility

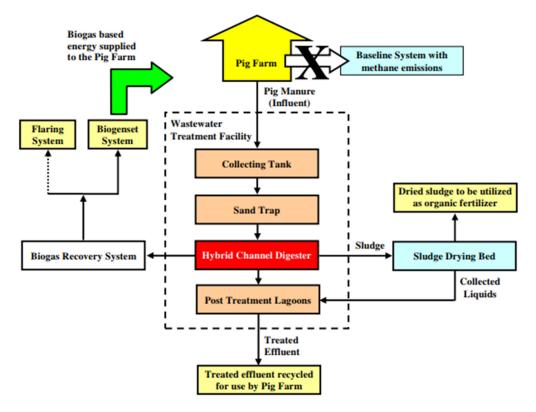
1.3.2 Operation

Wastewater from the pig sheds are channeled to a covered drainage system constructed beneath and around the pig sheds. Wastewaters flow through the drainage system towards the concrete underground biodigester. A system of screens ensures that solids are unable to enter the biodigester system.

The biodigester processes the wastewater through anaerobic digestion to produce methane. The methane is channeled via blowers to the methane containment tank. The pressure build-up within the containment tank allows the methane to flow through a series of scrubbers and to the biogas generator set for conversion to electricity.

The effluent from produced by the biodigester is then directed to a lagoon for drying.

The figure below illustrates the processes involved in wastewater treatment and methane recovery:



1.4 Existing Environmental Conditions in the Farm

CPA 21 is a 182,247 m² facility located in Pinamuhangan, Cebu, Philippines.

1.4.1 Land Classification and Use

The land on which the farm is situated is classified as an agro-industrial zone. The farm is surrounded by coconut plantations and low-density residential areas.



Figure 3. Map of the Philippines showing the location of Pinamungahan, Cebu

1.4.2 Climate

Köppen-Geiger system classifies the climate in Pinamungahan as tropical, with rainfall even in the dry season. Pinamungahan has an average annual temperature of 27.5 °C and an average annual precipitation of 1665 mm.

1.4.3 Topography and Soil

The Farm sits on hilly land that decreases in slope towards the northeast and is primarily composed of croplands. (http://www.namria.gov.ph/3721-IIICarcar.html).

1.4.4 Water Resources

The Tañon Strait is located approximately 3 km northeast of the farm. The strait was proclaimed as a protected seascape by virtue of Proclamation No. 1234, Series of 1998.

1.4.5 Natural Hazards

As per the Landslide and Flood Susceptibility Map of Pinamuhangan Quadrangle, Cebu Province, Philippines, the area on which the farm is located has a moderate susceptibility to landslides. http://r7.mgb.gov.ph/wp-content/uploads/Files/GeohazardMaps/Cebu/pinamungahan.png

1.4.6 People and Communities

Low-density residential areas are located in the immediate vicinity of the farm.

2 ENVIRONMENTAL DUE DILIGENCE

2.1 Impact Assessment

2.1.1 Positive Impacts

The Project improves CPA 21's method of handling and disposing pig manure and liquid waste. At present, the biodigester functions as the Farm's main wastewater treatment facility, significantly improving the quality of and minimizing foul smell from its effluent. And, more importantly, by providing a mechanism to capture methane and use it as a source of energy, the Project has been helping the Farm abate its overall greenhouse gas emission. With a capacity to accommodate the wastes from 20,000 heads, the Project is estimated to reduce greenhouse gas emissions equivalent to $21,749 \text{ tCO}_{2}e$ every year.

Also, having been included in the CDM program, the farm has the opportunity to earn monetary incentives by selling their carbon credits.

2.1.2 Negative Impacts

Certain aspects of the pig farms' and the project's operations inevitably result in potential harm to the environment, including generation wastewaters; hazardous and non-hazardous wastes; air pollutants; foul odors, noise, dust and other nuisance; and depletion of natural resources. These pose inherent risks to environmental quality and natural ecosystems and to health and safety of workers, communities, and livestock.

2.2 **Due Diligence**

CPA 21 is compliant to all the regulatory safeguards as shown in the succeeding tables, as enforced by the Philippine government, demonstrating due diligence of the Proponent.

2.2.1 Legal Framework

The farm operates in the context of laws prescribing the regulatory safeguards in the tables below.

Document	Particulars					
Environmental Compliance	Reference No.	ECC-R07-1505-0073				
Certificate (ECC)	Issuing Agency	DENR-EMB Region 7				
	Date of Issuance	May 5, 2015				
	Validity	- no expiration -				
	Conditions	 area of operation: 182,247 sqm maximum population: 20,000 heads 				
Discharge Permit for Water	Reference No.	for renewal				
Pollution Source / Control Facilities	Issuing Agency	Application submitted to DENR-EMB Region 7				
	Date of Issuance	Application submitted November 11, 2018				
	Validity	NA				
	Conditions	NA				
Permit to Operate Air Pollution	Reference No.	TPOA-16-H-072233-006				
Source Control Installations	Issuing Agency	DENR-EMB Region 7				
	Date of Issuance	August 26, 2016				
	Validity	November 26, 2016				
	Conditions	 two units 320 kW Diesel Generator Set 				
		 two units 250 kW Diesel Generator Set 				
		 *documents for renewal submitted on November 21, 2018 				
Hazardous Waste Generator ID	Registration No.	M-GR-R7-22-03379				
	Approving Agency	DENR-EMB Region 7				
	Date of Approval	September 4, 2018				
	Validity	NA				
	Conditions	 Mercury and mercury compounds (busted fluorescent 				
		lamps);				
		Arsenic and its compounds (busted LED bulbs)				
Water Permit	Reference No.	(For Application)				

 Table 2. Environmental documents and statutory requirements regulating the operations of CPA 21.

Issuing Agency	National Water Resources Board
	Issuing Agency

^ Environmental Management Bureau a Self-Monitoring Report; b Compliance Monitoring Report

Table 3. Permits ensuring the safety of CPA 21's facilities and operationDocumentParticulars

Document	Particulars						
Business Permit	Permit No.	AVAILABLE and UP TO DATE					
	Issuing Agency						
	Date of Issuance						
	Validity						
	Prerequisites	Building Permit					
	I	Occupancy Permit					
		Zoning Clearance					
		Fire Clearance					
		Sanitary permit					
Zoning Clearance	Registration No.	AVAILABLE and UP TO DATE					
	Approving Agency						
	Date of Approval						
	Validity						
	Prerequisites	Inspection of facility					
	Conditions	•					
Fire Clearance	Accreditation No.	AVAILABLE and UP TO DATE					
	Issuing Agency						
	Date of Issuance						
	Validity						
	Prerequisites	Microbial water analysis					
		Pest control					
		Health certificate of employees					
	Conditions	•					
Sanitary Permit	Reference No.	 AVAILABLE and UP TO DATE 					
	Issuing Agency	•					
	Date of Issuance	•					
	Validity	•					
	Prerequisites						
	Conditions	·					

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2.2.2 Preventive and Mitigating Actions for Major Negative Impacts and Risks

Wastewaters

- Surfacewater contamination is prevented by treating all pig wastewaters in the WWTFs. The WWTF is kept in optimal working condition through regular inspection and maintenance activities. This ensures that effluents meet Class C quality standards set by EMB.
- Biodigesters have been constructed with with durable materials.
- Technical specifications and actual performance of the WWTF-MRF will be determined to know the system's efficiency. Information on these will enable the farm to optimize its operations and improve (or maintain) the WWTF-MRF's performance.

Hazardous Wastes

- The farm is registered as hazardous waste generator and is able to dispose through accredited TSD (transport, storage, disposal) providers.
- Currently, pig carcasses are placed in a mortality pit.

Odor

- ¬ Treatment in the WWTF-MRF has significantly abated odors coming from effluents.
- ¬ Trees have been planted within and around the farm.
- ¬ The farm houses pigs in tunnel-ventilated pig houses.
- The biogas collection system has been constructed with durable materials and is kept in good working condition through regular inspection and maintenance activities.

Groundwater Depletion

- ¬ Water conservation measures are being implemented in the farm.
- The farm has started to secure a Water Permit to comply with existing regulations and recompense for its consumption of grounwater.

2.2.3 Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan

Table 3 summarizes the measures intended to address the environmental impacts and risks identified in Section 2.1.2. Adequate training will be given to concerned employees to ensure that the content of this environmental management plan will be properly carried out.

IMPACT	SOURCE / ACTIVITY	MEASURES	Existing / Current Practice	STATUS For Implementatio n / Under Construction	Adoption Under Review	MONITORING METHOD	FREQU ENCY	PARAMETER / INDICATOR	RESPONSIBLE ENTITY	REPORTING TO	Cost, Php
A. Wastewater a.1 generation of	pig raising	water conservation strategies	√			quantify wastewater production	monthly	volume of wastewater	Engineering	PCO, Department	[
wastewater	pig taising	treatment of wastewater in WWTF	· · ·			quantity wastewater production	monuny	produced	Engineering	head	-
a.2 generation of	general farm	water conservation strategies	✓			check siphoning and hauling records	every 5	volume of sewage hauled	Farm personnel	Farm manager	-
domestic wastewater		sewage septic tanks	✓			eneen espiroring and manning records	years	i oranie or beinage naarea	- ann personner	i unin munuger	
		sewage disposal in treatment plants	✓				5				
B. Solid Waste					r - r				1		
b.1 generation of	pig raising, feed	minimize feed wastage				quantify (dried) sludge produced	annually	amount of sludge	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 30,000
manure, sludge	wastage, WTF	 automated feeding system; regular inspection and maintenance of feed delivery system 	✓					produced			monthly
(non-infectious) envices (non-infectious) envices (non-infectious) envices (non-infectious) environment		treatment of manure in WWTF	\checkmark								
		sludge used as soil conditioner	\checkmark								
b.2 generation of	injuries, adverse	observe sound pig raising practices and biosecurity	1			weigh disposed materials	daily	weight of materials	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 30,000
(non-infectious) carcasses, blood b.3 generation of	environmental	measures	v					disposed	_	_	monthly
	conditions, etc.	regular inspection and preventive maintenance of	✓								
		equipment regulating pig environment									
		carcass disposal burial; composting is being considered	✓						-		
U	general farm	waste segregation	\checkmark			weigh solid wastes disposed of (recyclables and residuals)	every	weight / details on	Farm personnel	Farm manager,	Php 3,000
general solid wastes	activities	provides adequate collection bins, storage area in strategic locations reduce, reuse, recycle / selling of recyclables	✓			(recyclables and residuals)	hauling	wastes generated, stored, and disposed of		PCO	montly
		reduce, reuse, recycle / sening of recyclables	\checkmark								
C. Hazardous Mater					1						
c.1 generation of	facilities'	monitor resource usage to avoid expiration of chemicals,	\checkmark			quantify each type of hazardous	every	quantity of each	Farm pesronnel, Engineering		Hauling cost
hazardous, toxic	operation and maintenance	etc.	\checkmark			waste produced / stored and disposed of (check hazardous waste manifests		hazardous waste type			
wastes		disposal through accredited TSD reusing, recycling certain materials (for various	v			of (check hazardous waste manifests)	disposal				
2		construction and maintenance activities)	✓								Php 3,000
c.2 generation of infectious, pathological wastes,	veterinary activities, infections,	carcass disposal through burial; composting is being considered pathological / innfectious materials disposed in concrete	\checkmark								monthly
carcasses D. Air Pollution	outbreaks	septic vault	✓								
d.1 generation of	anaerobic	capturing through biodigesters and combustion using				record electric meter reading of	Daily	kWh produced	Farm pesronnel, Engineering	PCO. Department	
biogas	digestion	biogas-fueled engine	\checkmark			biogas gensets	Duily	k () li produced		head	
d.2 generation of air		operate machineries according to manufacturer's instruction	✓			review inspection and maintenance	monthly	number and details of	Farm pesronnel	PCO	Php 120,000
pollutants	generator sets	use of diesel with low sulfur content	\checkmark			record	5	machinery issues noted	1		maintenance
•	(fossil fuel	regular inspection and preventive maintenance of					annually				costs
	combustion)	equipment	\checkmark			emission testing	or every 5	emissions standards			
E. Risk of Environn Degradation	nental						years		I		
e.1 (risk of) surface	e.1.1 wastewater	operates WWTF as prescribed	√			effluent sampling and testing by an	quarterly	effluent quality	Farm pesronnel, Engineering	Farm Manager	Php 120,000
water and	collection,	regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF;				EMB-accredited laboratory	- more	indicators: BOD, TSS,		PCO, Department	
groundwater quality	transport,	regular desludging	\checkmark				frequently	ammonia, phosphate		head	costs
degradation,	treatment,	maintainance of vegetation (filter strips) around lagoons	✓				during	(must meet standards for			
disruption of soil properties,	disposal	ensures effluents meet EMB standards^	\checkmark				rainy seasons	Class C effluent)			
contamination	e.1.2 sludge	drying of sludge and using it as soil amendment	✓			review inspection and maintenance	monthly	number and details of	Farm personnel	РСО	Php 3,000
	management,	regular inspection and preventive maintenance of drying				record	- more	leak / breach incidents		100	monthly
	storage, leachate	bed	\checkmark				frequent	ican's oreact mondents			monuny
		maintainance of vegetation (filter strips) around drying bed	✓				during rainy				

	e.1.3 pathological wastes, carcass disposal, leachate	establish vegetative filter strips around disposal site	~		review inspection and maintenance record	monthly - more frequent during rainy season	number and details of leak / breach incidents	Farm personnel / haulers	PCO	Landscaping costs
	e.1.4 handling, transport, storage,		✓ ✓		review inspection and maintenance record	weekly	number and details of leak / breach incidents	Farm personnel	Farm manager, PCO	Construction costs for
	disposal of hazardous and	use of suitable containers with labels provides secured collection and storage area	 ✓							storage area
	infectious	regular inspection of storage, disposal facilities	 ✓							
	materials	will make MSDS available on-site of use	•	✓						
	materials	will develop and observe safety protocols		✓						
		will install appropriate signage, warnings		 ✓ 						
		will provide spill kits on storage areas		✓						
		will prepare a contingency response plan		✓						
		will provide adequate training to staff on handling of hazardous materials		✓						
e.2 (risk of)	biogas collection,	operates MRF as prescribed	\checkmark		review inspection and maintenance	monthly	number and details of	Farm personnel	PCO	Php 33,000
pollution from	storage,	regular inspection (leak test) and preventive maintenance of	\checkmark		record		leak / breach incidents			per month f
fugitive biogas	combustion	MRF					(odor detection)			maintenance
	y – Anaerobic Dige									
f.1 explosion		No smoking or hot works in the vicnity of biogas facility			review inspection and maintenance	monthly	number and details of	Engineering,	Department head,	
hazards	storage, combustion	Restrict access to biogas facility	,		records, incident reports, complaints		explosion, fire incidents		Farm manager	Php 120,000 maintenance
	combustion	Place signages	\checkmark	✓	register					costs
		Regular maintenance of biogas system								00313
f.2 asphyxiation	biogas	Buddy system when conducting work			review incident reports	monthly	number and details of	Engineering	Department head,	Php 120,000
		Restrict access to biogas facility	✓				asphyxiation, poisoning		Farm manager,	maintenance
		Restrict access to biogas facility	v	•			incidents		PCO	costs
		Regular maintenance of biogas system								
f.3 chemical hazards	sludge	Use appropriate PPE	✓	<u>`</u>	review incident reports	monthly	number and details of infection, infestation	Engineering	Department head, Farm manager	PPE costs
			•	•			incidents			
					review results of health checks	annually	incidents			
G. Health and Sat	fety – General Farn	n Operations			review results of health checks	annually				
G. Health and Sa f.1 odor - nuisance,		n Operations regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains	✓		review results of health checks review complaints register	annually every two	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	PPE costs
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health		regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings	\checkmark			every two weeks		Farm personnel	Farm manager	
f.1 odor - nuisance,	f.1.1 pig houses,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees	✓ ✓			every two weeks - more	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000
f.1 odor - nuisance, liscomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE	✓ ✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF	✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent during	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved	✓ ✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1)				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓			every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids) f.1.4	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
1 odor - nuisance, liscomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids) f.1.4 decomposing	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is depropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3)				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
1 odor - nuisance, liscomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids) f.1.4	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health ssues	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF fluent, MRF flue	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy)	number and details of	Farm personnel	Farm manager	Php 120,000 monthly maintenance
£1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health ssues £2 noise - nuisance,	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF fluent, MRF flue	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting provision and use of appropriate PPE automated feeding system provision and use of appropriate PPE				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy) season	number and details of odor complaints			Php 120,000 monthly maintenance costs PPE Costs
 21 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health ssues 22 noise - nuisance, 	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids) f.1.4 decomposing materials (placental materials and carcasses) f.2.1 pigs	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE automated feeding system provision and use of appropriate PPE Maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy) season	number and details of odor complaints			Php 120,000 monthly maintenanc costs PPE Costs
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.1.1 pig houses, manuref.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRFf.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids)f.1.4 decomposing materials (placental materials and carcasses)f.2.1 pigsf.2.2 vehicles,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE automated feeding system provision and use of appropriate PPE Maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees operate equipment, machineries according to				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy) season	number and details of odor complaints			Php 120,000 monthly maintenance costs PPE Costs
f.1 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health issues f.2 noise - nuisance,	f.1.1 pig houses, manure f.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRF f.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids) f.1.4 decomposing materials (placental materials and carcasses) f.2.1 pigs	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE automated feeding system provision and use of appropriate PPE Maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees operate equipment, machineries according to manufacturer's instruction regular inspection and preventive maintenance of				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy) season	number and details of odor complaints			Php 120,000 monthly maintenance costs PPE Costs Landscaping
 21 odor - nuisance, discomfort, health ssues 22 noise - nuisance, 	f.1.1 pig houses, manuref.1.2 WTF, effluent, MRFf.1.3 decomposing materials (sludge and organic solids)f.1.4 decomposing materials (placental materials and carcasses)f.2.1 pigsf.2.2 vehicles,	regular cleaning of pig houses and flushing of drains tunnel ventilated buildings maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees provision and use of appropriate PPE gas trapping and combustion through MRF will ensure adequate retention time of wastewaters in the biodigester is achieved regular inspection and preventive maintenance of WWTF- MRF prevent overtopping, spillage (see e.1.1) provision and use of appropriate PPE ensure sludge pile is well aerated, prevent waterlogging provision and use of appropriate PPE disposal through burial, composting prevent leakage of leachate in disposal sites (see e.1.3) provision and use of appropriate PPE automated feeding system provision and use of appropriate PPE Maintains existing vegetation, will plant trees operate equipment, machineries according to manufacturer's instruction				every two weeks - more frequent during typhoon (windy) season	number and details of odor complaints			Php 120,000 monthly maintenance costs PPE Costs Landscaping

f.3 dust - nuisance, discomfort, health	f.2.1 pig houses, feed handling	limits dust-generating activities during day time, low wind movement (as much as it is practical)	✓		review complaints register	quarterly - more	number and details of dust complaints	Farm pesronnel, admin officers
issues	l c	tunnel ventilation systmem prevents dust buid up	✓			frequent		
	f.2.2 composting	use of appropriate containers, barriers	\checkmark			during		
	areas, dried	damping of dried materials	\checkmark			typhoon		
	compost handling	limit dust-generating activities during day time and low	✓			(windy)		
		wind movement (as much as it is practical)				season		
		provision and use of appropriate PPE	✓					
	f.2.3 vehicles,	sealing and damping of unpaved roads	✓					
	machineries	limits vehiclular speed on unsealed roads	✓					
		operates feedmill in an enclosed area	\checkmark					
		limit dust-generating activities during day time, low wind movement (as much as it is practical)	\checkmark					
		provision and use of appropriate PPE	\checkmark					
f.4 pest and vermin	decomposing	implement odor control measures (see f.1)	\checkmark		review inspection results records and	d monthly	number and details of	Farm personnel
proliferation / infestation -	materials and sources of odors	imlement pest, vermin control measures (use of baits and traps)	✓		complaints register	- more frequent	incidents, complaints	
nuisance, health	sources or odors	observes good houskeeping practices	✓			during		
issues		regular inspection of farm facilities, surroundings				rainy		
			✓			season		
f.5 health hazards, (risk of) contracting	handling, transport, storage	adequate training on handling of hazardous, infectious materials	\checkmark		review incident reports, inspection records and complaints register,	monthly	number and details of illness, injury incidents,	Farm pesronnel
infectious diseases, sustaining injuries,	of hazardous and infectious	provision and use of appropriate equipment for handling and storage of hazardous and infectious materials	✓		results of employees' regular health checks		complaints	
livestock outbreak	materials,	enforce, observe biosecurity measures, health and safety	✓					
	movement of carrier pests and vermin, handling of ill pigs	protocols observe measures for safe handling of hazardous and						
		infectious materials (see e.1.3 & e.1.4)	√					
		implement pest and vermin control measures (see f.4)	\checkmark					
		regular inspection of farm facilities, surroundings	\checkmark					
f.6 explosion, fire	biogas collection,	WWTF-MRF constructed with durable materials	\checkmark		review inspection and maintenance	monthly	number and details of	Farm personnel
hazard	storage,	operates WWTF-MRF according to design	✓		records, incident reports, complaints		explosion, fire incidents	1
	combustion	regular monitoring of pressure within the MRF system	\checkmark		register		-	
		regular inspection (leak test) and preventive maintenance of MRF	\checkmark					
		restricts access to MRF	✓					
		prohibits ignition sources (smoking) near MRF		✓				
		will install signage and warnings		✓				
		reporting and recording of explosion, fire incidents		✓				
f.7 drowning hazard	open ponds,	restrict access to WTF, install fences		✓	review incident reports	monthly	number and details of	Farm pesronnel
U	lagoons, tanks	install signage and warnings		✓			drowning incidents	- and performen
		reporting and recording of drowning incidents		~				
f.8 freshwater	pig raising and	water conservation strategies	✓		quantify volume of freshwater	monthly	volume of freshwater	Farm personnel
depletion	general farm activities	effluent recycling	\checkmark		consumption		consumed	
f.9 consumption of	pig raising and	energy conservation strategies	✓		estimate power consumption from	monthly	kWh consumed	Farm personnel
non-renewable	general farm	use of energy-efficient equipment	✓		billing for electricity			
resource (fossil fuels		uses electricity generated using biogas	✓					
for power)		pig buildings have concrete walls and roofing, providing	√					
		efficient insulation against ambient heat thermostat controlled cooling system have auto shut off	✓					
		feature						
f.11 (risk of) erosion	rainwater runoff	plant various tree species and vegetation along roads and slopes			review inspection records	monthly - more	number and details of erosion incidents	Farm personnel
			✓			frequent		
			•			during		
						rainy		
						season		

BOD Biological Oxygen Demand MSDS Materials Safety Data Sheet PCO Pollution Control Officer PPE Personal Protective Equipment

SMRSelf-Monitoring ReportTSSTotal Suspended Solids

 _	
Farm manager	PPE costs
	Php 120,000 maintenance costs
РСО	Php 25,000 monthly pest control
PCO, Farm manager	Php 350 daily wage for technical pesronnel
	Equipment costs Php 25,000
	monthy pest contril
PCO, Farm manager	Signage printing costs
РСО	Php 350 daily wage for technical personnel
Farm manager	-
PCO	-
Farm manager	Php 300 daily wage for maintenance workers

2.2.4 Contingency Response

Below is an overview of CPA 21's current preparation and action plan in response to the following:

a. Fire

- Fire extinguishers are available at strategic locations around the farm. Pig houses are also equipped with water taps and sprinklers from which water for putting out fire can be sourced.

b. Earthquake

- The open grounds at the exterior of the farm are designated as evacuation areas for when an earthquake occurs.

c. Outbreak

- In the event of a livestock diease outbreak, quarantine measures are instinctively applied. Movement of humans and animals in and out of the farm is restricted and instructions from the farm's consultant veterinarian are carried out.

d. Power outage

- Should there be power interruption, a diesel-fueled standby generator is able to supply the farm's electricity needs, in addition to the biogas genset.

e. Health emergencies

- First aid kits are readily available on site for minor injuries. Farm personnel also have access to vehicles which can be used for transporting cases needing more advanced medical care.

In the interim, CPA 21 hereby commits to develop a more comprehensive contingency preparedness and response plan that will address incidents of fire; natural hazards (typhoon, earthquake); outbreak; health emergencies; and environmental emergencies (leaks and spills of wastewaters and hazardous wastes, WWTF-MRF system breakdowns). This plan will be appended in the succeeding version of this ESMP.

2.2.5 Occupational Health and Safety

In addition to the health and safety measures presented in Table 3, CPA 21 will develop a more comprehensive health and safety risk management plan which will deal with general occupational health and safety issues associated with work in the farm. Health complaints and accidents will be recorded in a register and will serve as indicators of the plans effectiveness, together with results of workers' annual health check-ups. This plan will be appended in the succeeding version of this ESMP

2.2.6 Biosecurity

The farms requires all visitors to follow a 7-day decontamination procedure. Visitors are not allowed to visit the farm less than seven days from a visit to another pig farm. Visitors are also required to bathe and wear the farm's uniform during their time within CPA 21's premises. Vehicles entering the premises are also decontaminated using a chemical wash.

2.3 Monitoring, Reporting and Auditing

The proponent will perform the monitoring plan in Table 3 and conduct regular inspection of its facilities not only for internal purposes but also to satisfy the requirements of the Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) for periodic self-monitoring reports (SMR). In addition, assessments will also be initiated during or immediately after incidents that may have compromised the integrity of the farm's facilities, especially the WWTF-MRF, and caused the release of pollutants in the environment. A registry of such incidents and other environmental emergencies and accidents will be maintained in the farm and its details reported in the SMR.

The SMR will contain the results of audits on the farm's environmental performance in terms of resource utilization, waste management, regulatory compliance, and fulfillment of environmental

commitments among others. This document will be tendered to EMB quarterly. LBP-EPMD (Environmental Program and Management Department) will also be provided with copies of this document for reference and review purposes.

The owner, the farm manager and the farm's Pollution Control Officer (PCO), have been tasked to ensure that the farm is compliant with pertinent environmental regulations, including those listed in Table 3, and is performing its environmental commitments, including the implementation of this ESMP.

During the implementation of the CDM Program, LBP-EPMD will conduct monitoring activities in the farm at least twice a year to help the proponent execute, identify gaps in, and improve and update this management plan.

3 SOCIAL DUE DILIGENCE

Below are some of the Proponents efforts to ensure that CPA 21 does not infringe upon the social rights of its employees and the Farm's host community.

3.1 **Consultation and Participation**

Prior to construction, the Proponent, together with LBP-EPMD, identified the Project's stakeholders who were afterwards invited, through letters and notices, to a consultative meeting for the Project's establishment on February 12, 2016. The stakeholder consultation was attended by 26 individuals from various institutions including farm representatives, Landbank personnel, and barangay officials.

All relevant information, especially those that pertain to the Project's environmental and social impacts, were communicated to the stakeholders during the consultations. Issues and queries raised all satisfactorily addressed by the Proponent and the other presenters.

3.2 Grievance Redress Mechanism

The Farm's manager and PCO are hereby designated to be the main contact person for stakeholders regarding grievances, feedbacks, and queries related to the Project. He is also to be in charge of ensuring that the details of complaints and the actions made to address the same will be recorded truthfully.

Such information shall be part of the regular monitoring report for the Project and will be made available to relevant stakeholders.

Issues not resolved at the Project level (by the Proponent) will be raised to the following third party institutions for arbitration and possible resolution:

• Office of the Barangay Chairman

All complaints shall be initially entertained and attempted to be resolved in the *barangay* where the Farm is situated. The *barangay* concerned will facilitate the negotiation process and LBP-EPMD will ensure that the complainant is properly represented.

Municipal Office

Should no agreement be reached at the *barangay* level, the matter will be elevated to a municipal government office. Depending on the nature of the complaint, grievances may be addressed to the Municipal Health Office, Agriculturist Office, Environment and Natural Resources Office, or any relevant municipal agency.

• LBP

LBP through EPMD will take part on the resolution process only after the aggravated party has gone through the previous levels and finds the decisions rendered there unacceptable. EPMD will coordinate with the Proponent to ensure that issues regarding the latter's project are resolved to the best interest of the complainant.

To further ensure the Proponent's accountability, contact details of the Farm's management and LPB-EPMD shall be provided to stakeholders during consultations and through postings at public notice boards (including at the Farm's main gate). For the Project of CPA 21 the following individuals will serve as grievance administrators:

 Prudencio E. Calado III Head/Assistant Vice President, LBP-EPMD Telephone No.: (632) 405-7339 Fax No.: (632) 528-8484

3.3 Information Disclosure

This ESMP and other relevant information regarding the Project will be published in LANDBANKS's website where it can be readily accessed by the public. Printed copies of this document will be submitted to DENR-EMB Region 7 and will also be available in Barangay Sacsac's office, in LANDBANK's library (1598 M.H. Del Pilar cor Dr. J. Quintos St., Malate, Manila, Philippines), and in World Bank's Infoshop.

3.4 Equal Opportunity

CPA 21 is an equal opportunity employer, not regarding gender, age, disability, and ethnicity in evaluating and hiring potential employees. The farm currently employs 104 personnel (77 males and 27 females). Males are generally assigned to work in maintaining the pig houses and handling pigs. Whereas females are assigned to the farrowing houses, and have administrative duties.

3.5 **Resettlement**

The Project is located inside the premises owned by CPA 21, a private property. No individual was displaced for nor were there any indigenous peoples affected by the establishment of the Farm and the Project.

3.6 Others

Employees of CPA 21 receive standard basic salary (at the minimum), 13th month pay, free on-site lodging and meals, sick and vacation leaves, health insurance, as well as SSS (social security), HDMF (housing loan) and health insurance privileges.

4 ESMP REVIEW AND UPDATING

This ESMP shall be reviewed and updated as needed to keep pace with and adapt to changes and developments related to the Project. The Farm's manager and PCO shall initiate and lead this initiative in consultation with relevant Farm personnel and Project partners.

5 INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

5.1 The Proponent

The Proponent will be responsible in all aspects of the Project, including the implementation of this ESMP. He will shoulder all costs associated with the construction and operation of the Project, internal monitoring activities, and meeting various statutory requirements. Specifically, he shall cause the accomplishment of the following:

- exercise environmental and social due diligence in implementing the Project
- incorporate sound practices in environmental, health, and safety management
- comply with relevant national and local laws and satisfy regulatory obligations
- perform diligent environmental and system monitoring
- prepare and submit on schedule accurate monitoring reports to EMB and LBP
- cooperate with the LBP and other regulatory agencies by providing assistance and correct and relevant information regarding the Project and its environmental performance for reference, review, and monitoring purposes
- promote transparency by maintaining open lines of communication with project stakeholders and giving them access to relevant information
- initiate resolution of conflicts that may arise as a result of the Project's operation
- disseminate all relevant information to stakeholders

The Proponent, in close coordination with LBP, shall implement the Project based on LBP's ESSF and on the agreed activities and timelines stipulated in the MOA and subproject agreement (SPA) between the said entities.

5.2 LANDBANK

LBP shall serve as the financial and technical intermediary for the CDM Program of Activity (PoA) under which the Project of CPA 21 is being implemented. It shall provide the Proponent carbon and investment finance assistance for the installation of an anaerobic wastewater treatment facility equipped with a biodigester and methane-fueled power generator. Moreover, it shall act as the entity in charge of project validation and verification activities, and of collation of relevant information and monitoring data for the undertakings mentioned. Specifically, LANDBANK, through EPMD, shall:

- make available financing facilities to the Proponent, subject to existing lending policies of LBP
- coordinate and facilitate communications and transactions between the Proponent and World Bank
 or other Carbon Buyers, Designated Operational Entity (DOE), and when necessary, with other
 project partners
- administer the agreements (MOA, SPA) forged between LBP and the Proponent
- provide technical support and relevant trainings to farm owners and personnel in partnership with donors and other institutions
- ensure compliance of the Project and its proponent with the rules governing PoAs and with its commitments in the MOA and SPA
- ensure compliance of the Project and its proponent with relevant standards and regulations and environmental commitments by conducting on-site monitoring and evaluation and desk reviews
- provide assistance to the Proponent in complying with statutory requirements for the Project
- ensure the Project's sustainability by monitoring the long-term implementation of the safeguards specified in this ESMP and its environmental performance in general
- gather, collate, and review pertinent information and documents (including safeguard instruments, reports, and permits and clearances) concerning the Project
- participate in conflict resolution initiated by the Proponent
- prepare and submit monitoring reports to World Bank regularly
- satisfy its obligations under the Emissions Reduction Purchase Agreement (ERPA) between LBP and World Bank

LBP shall assist the Proponent in its implementation of the Project based on LBP's Safeguards Framework and on the agreed activities and timelines stipulated in the MOA and SPA.

5.3 Department of Environment and Natural Resources

The Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) is the primary government institution mandated to manage and protect the Philippines' environment and natural resources. It is also the Designated National Authority (DNA) of the CDM Program in the Philippines. As DNA, its main role is to review and endorse PoAs to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC).

5.3.1 Environmental Management Bureau

Through the EMB, DENR sanctions and regulates the activities of the Project by means of various legal instruments. EMB also leads (whether or not as part of an MMT) the periodic compliance and impact monitoring of the Project, including the fulfillment of commitments stated in this ESMP. Prior to construction, EMB was the agency tasked to review and evaluate the environmental soundness of the Project and authorize its establishment through the issuance of an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC).

5.4 World Bank

The World Bank is the main Carbon Buyer of the Project, but will also serve as an advisor to LPB in carrying out the latter's responsibilities as the coordinating and managing entity for CDM projects. The Bank will conduct regular monitoring, audits, and appraisal reviews on the Project's safeguard performance against its established policies as well as provide technical guidance to LBP and to the Proponent.

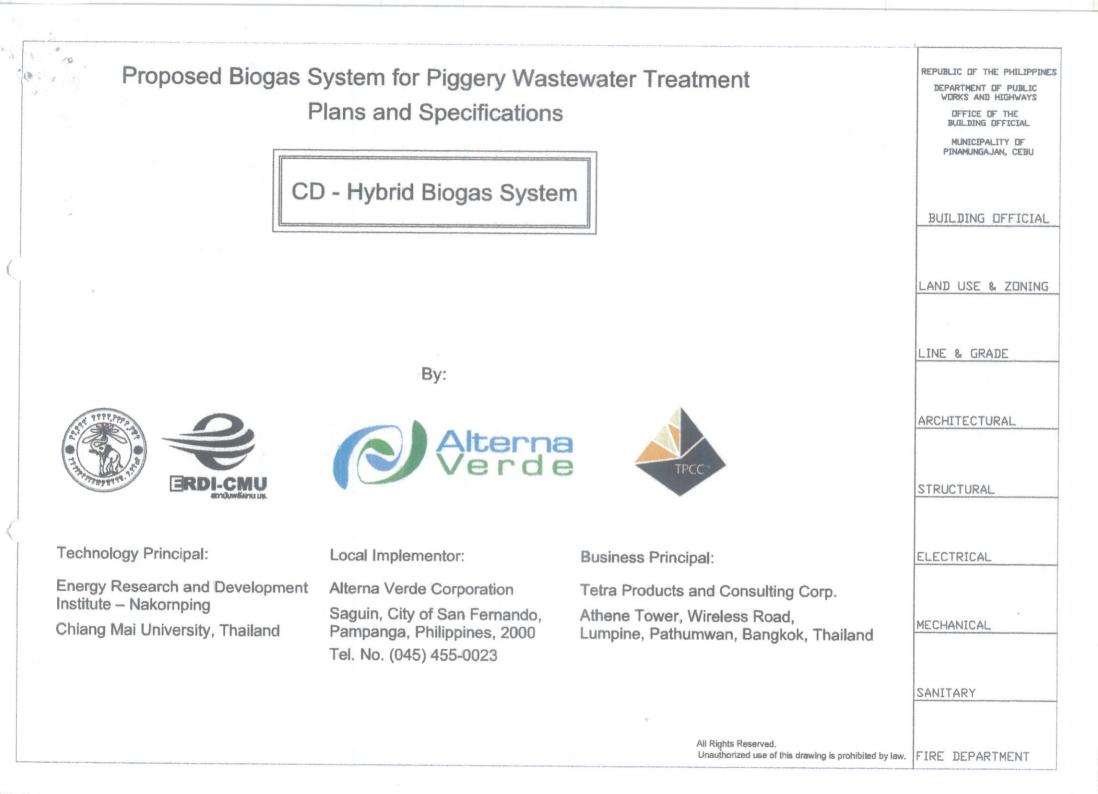
6 SUB-PROJECT ACCOUNTABILITY

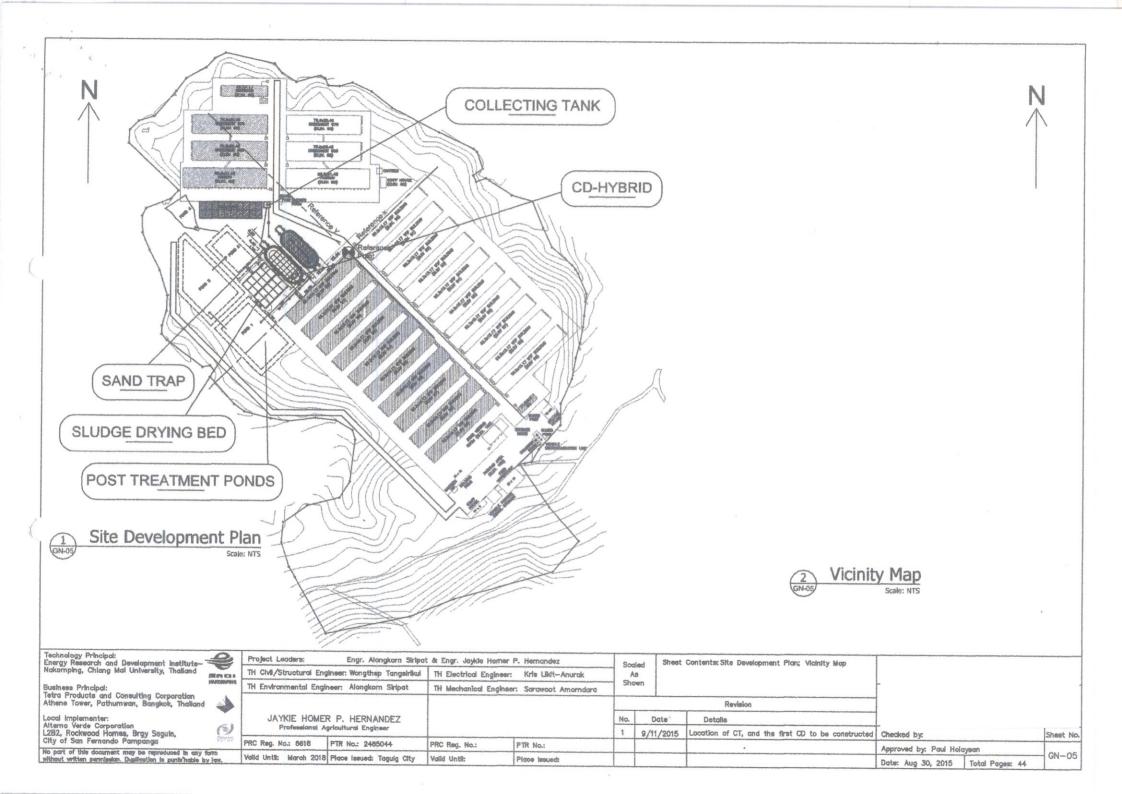
In line with Section 3.02 on Sub-Project Development and Operation by the Sub-Project Entity, Item (q) of the Sub-Project Purchase Agreement (SPA) signed by the Farm Management, the Sub-Project Entity (Farm Management) agrees and undertakes to:

(q) implement and operate the Sub-Project in compliance with the World bank Operational Policies, including without limitation and as applicable, the Environmental Management Plan, Resettlement Plan, Indigenous Peoples Plan, and any other requirement resulting from the application of the World Bank Operational Policies.

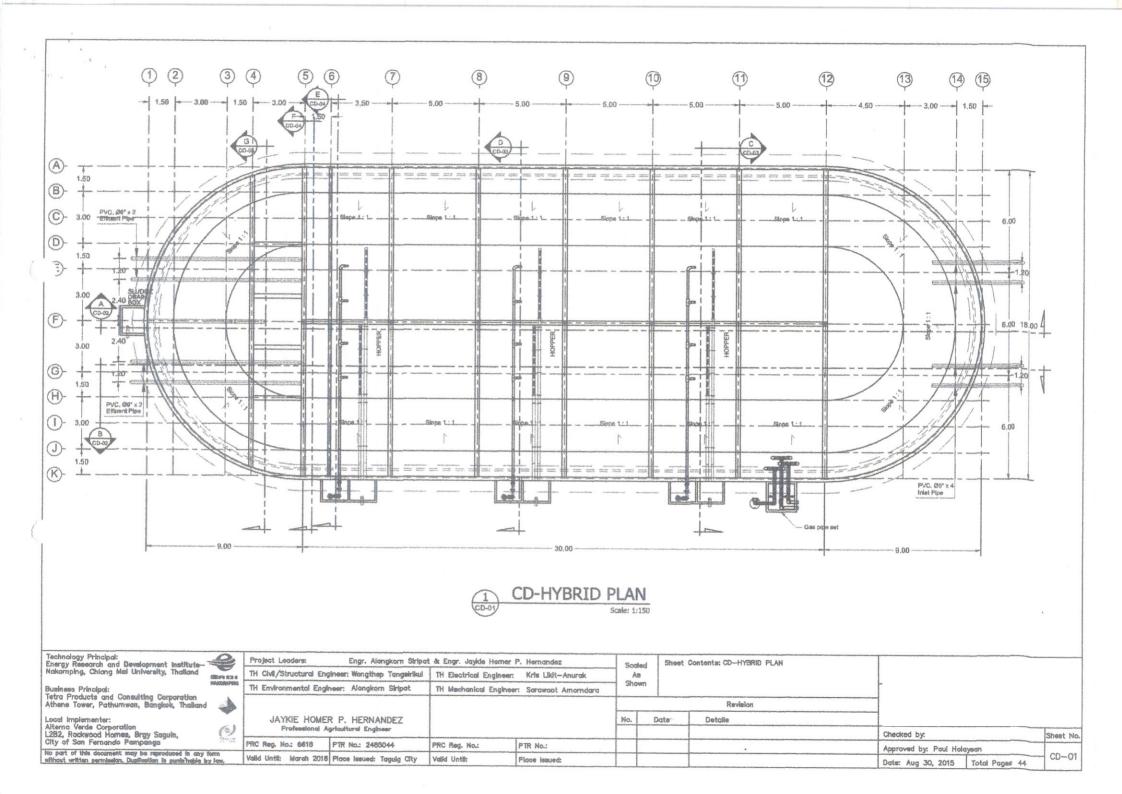
Having signed the SPA, the Farm Management is accountable to comply with the commitments stated in this document.

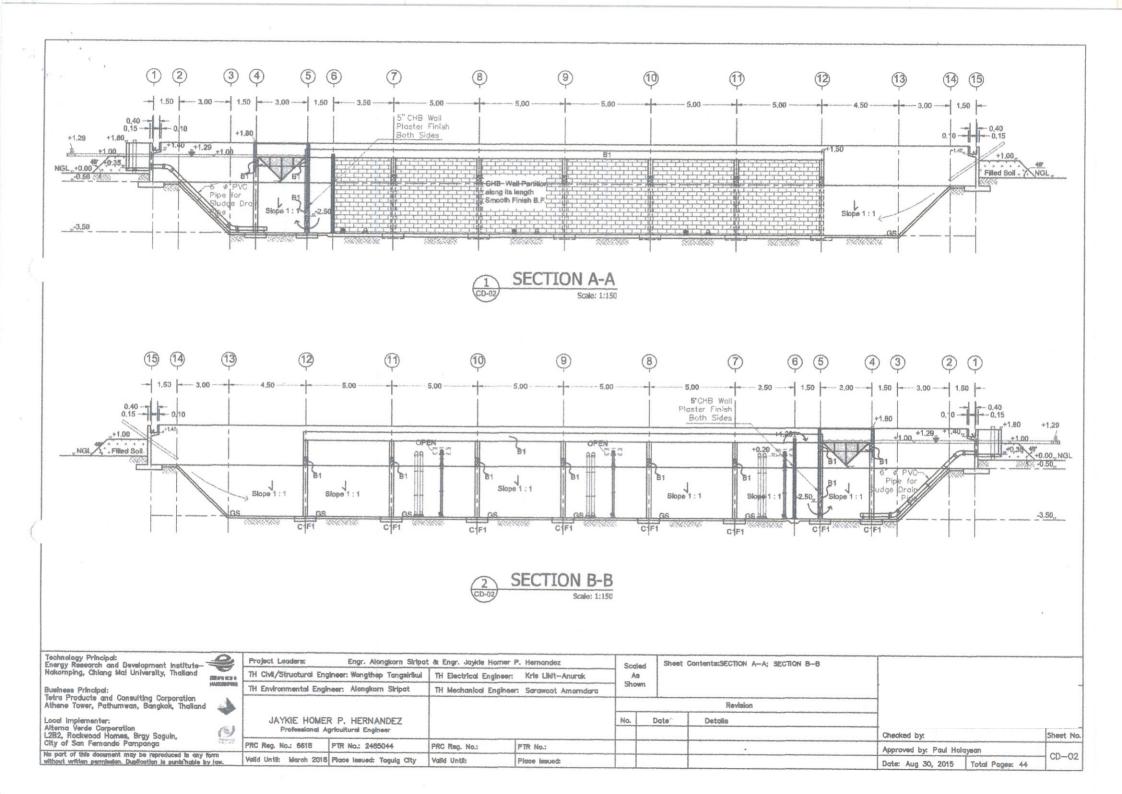
Appendices

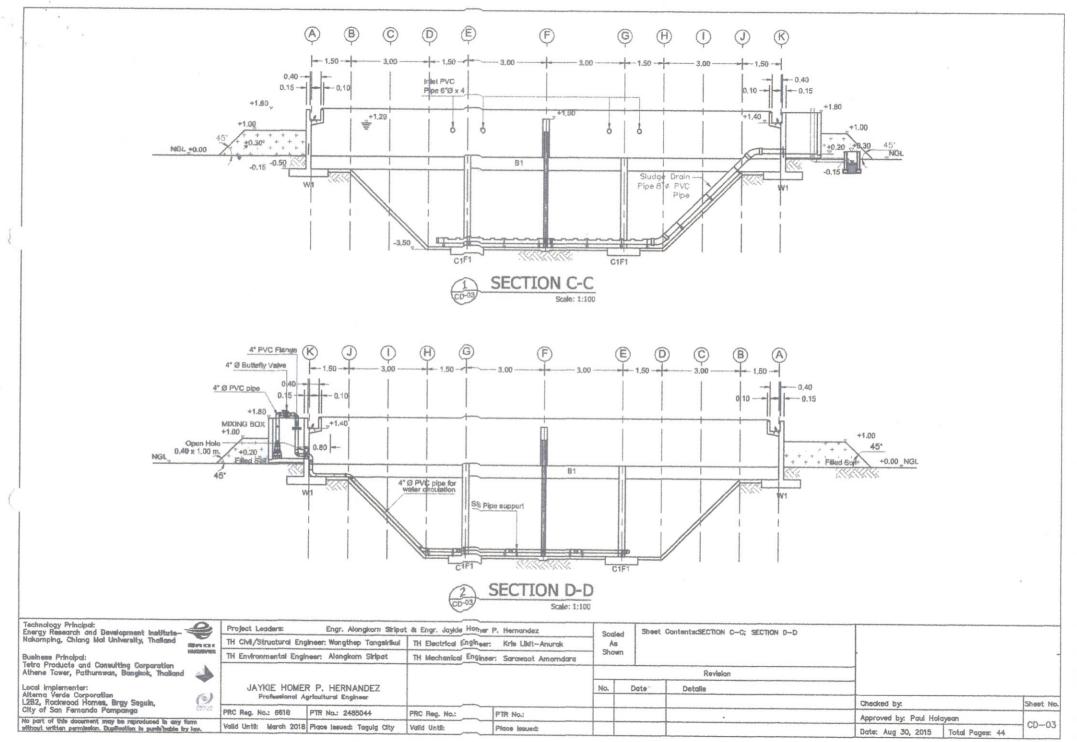


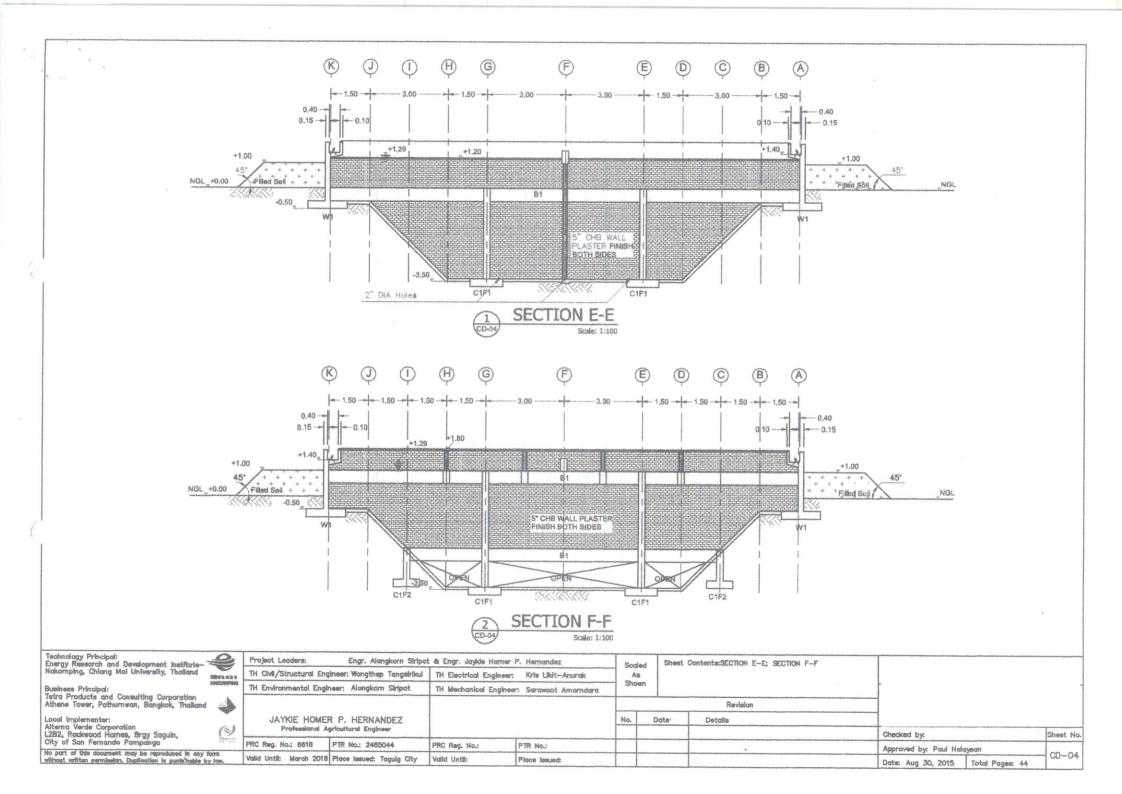


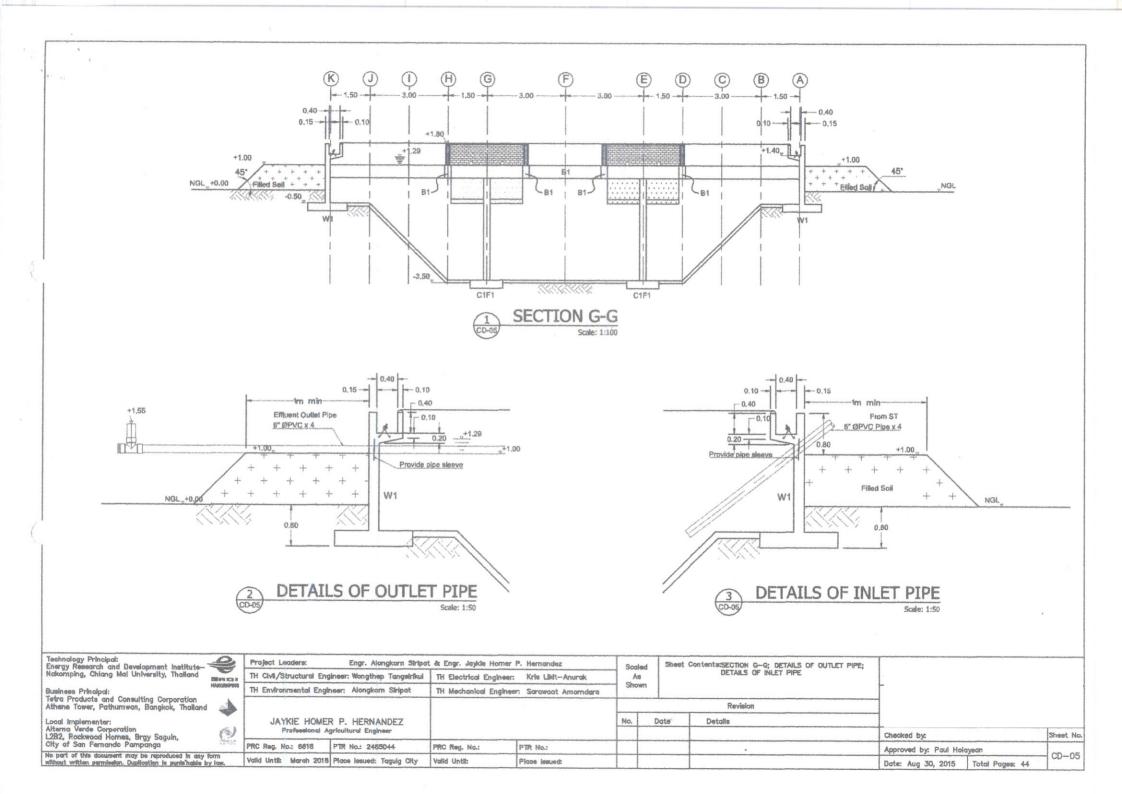
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Bueiness Principal: Tetro Products and Consulting Corporation Athene Tower, Pathumwan, Bangkok, Thailand	TH Civil/Structural Engineer: Wangthep Tangeirikul TH Environmental Engineer: Alongkom Siripat JAYKIE HOMER P. HERNANDEZ	TH Electrical Engineer: TH Mechanical Enginee	Kris Likit-Anurak 7: Sarawaat Amorndara	As Shown No. Date	jên.	Revision Details		-
Local implementer: Alterna Verde Corporation L282, Rockwood Homas, Brgy Saguin, City of San Fernando Pampanga	Professional Agricultural Engineer			1 9/11/20	015 Lo	cation of CT, and the first CD to be constructed	Checked by:	Sheet No.
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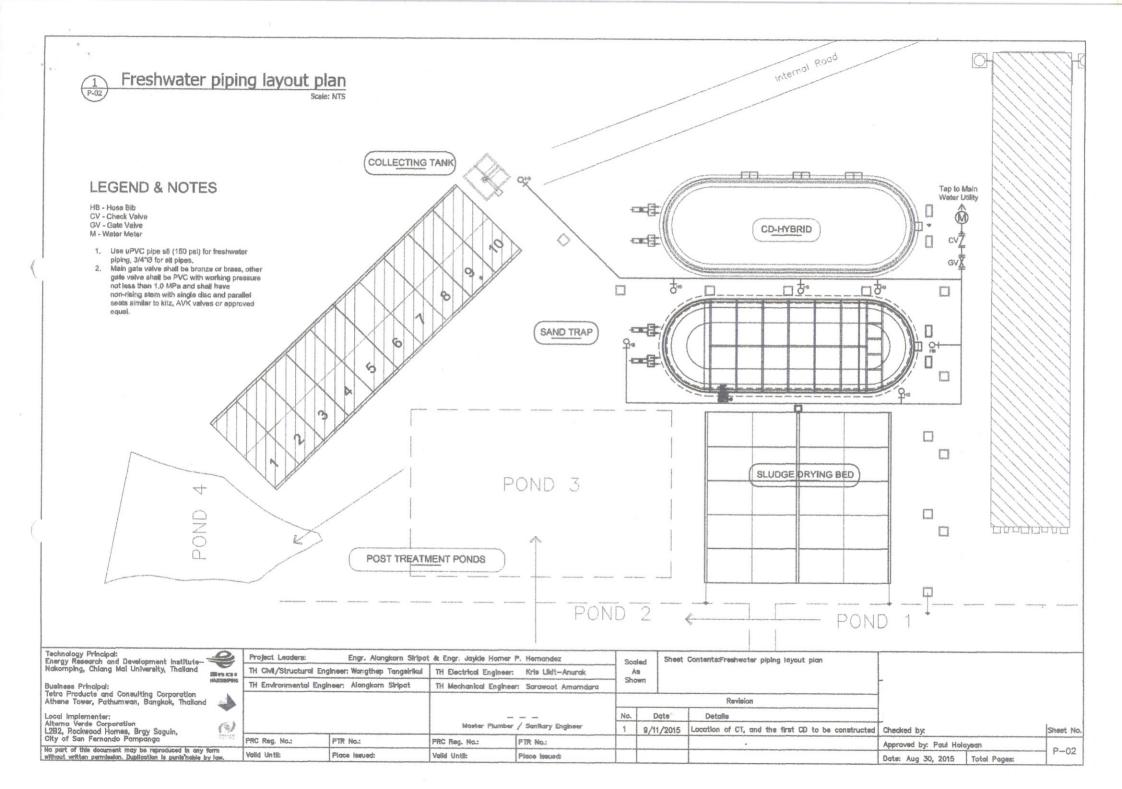


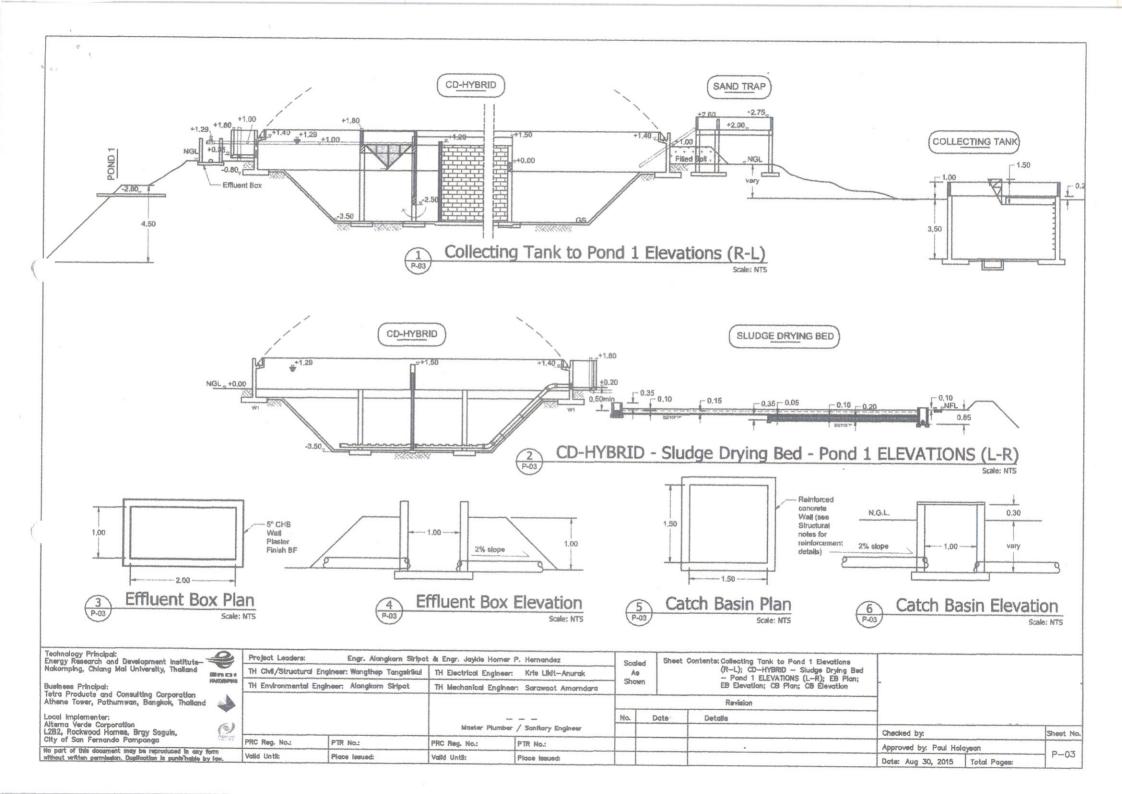












Hazard	Possible Harm	e Harm Source / Cause Prevention / Minimization		Person/s Responsible	
physical					
Noise	discomfort, hearing damage	pig squeals	 pigs consistently feed to prevent stress tunnel ventilated pig houses confine noise PPEs (ear protection) 	Farm Personnel	
		running machineries and vehicles	 install noise-control devices, when applicable regular equipment inspection and maintenance limit noise-generating activities during day time rotating work schedule signage and warnings PPEs (ear protection) 	Farm Manager Engineering Farm Personnel	
vibration	discomfort, ergonomic and nerve injuries, fatigue	running machineries	 install shock absorber ensure all loose equipment are securely placed regular equipment inspection and maintenance signage and warnings rotating work schedule 	Farm Manager Engineering Farm Personnel	
electricity	shock, electrocution, burns	faulty machineries and power lines	 get services of a licensed electrician consult equipment manual regular equipment inspection and maintenance 	Farm Manager Engineering Farm Personnel	
		improper use (or servicing) of electrical equipment	 restrict access to equipment signage and warnings train staff (consult equipment manual) ensure electricians are provided with proper PPEs for working with electrical equipment (insulated gloves, boots, etc.) 		
heat	burns	running machineries (hot surfaces, vapors, liquids)	 use insulation where possible install machine guards signage and warnings ensure workers wear proper PPE such as long sleeved shirts. 	Farm Manager Engineering Farm Personnel	
	discomfort, heat exhaustion, heat stroke	adverse hot weather working in enclosed spaces with limited ventilation	- adequate hydration and rest breaks	Farm Manager Farm Personnel	
dust	irritation, respiratory distress / diseases	Feeds, ambient dust	 Tunnel ventilated pig houses calm work pacing to avoid exciting the pigs thorough cleaning of indoor spaces PPEs (mask) 	Farm Personnel	
poor lighting	eye strain, can't see hazards	unlit / inadequately lit areas	install light sourcescarry portable light sources	Farm Manager Engineering	
chemical					
harmful gases, dust, vapors (inhalation)	discomfort (odor), asphyxiation, poisoning, respiratory distress / diseases	degrading organic wastes hazardous substances (cleaning and pest control chemicals, veterinary medicines, fuels, hazardous wastes, etc.)	 measures for odor control (see Table 5) signage and warning train staff (handling hazardous substances and wastes and working in confined spaces; review MSDS / product information sheets) PPEs (mask) ensure first aid kits are readily available 	Farm Manager Engineering PCO	
		fuel burning (machineries, vehicles)	 air pollution control device regular equipment inspection and maintenance 	Farm Manager Engineering PCO	

Appendix B. Health and Safety Risks Management Plan of CPA 21

hazardous substances (contact, ingestion)	irritation, burns, poisoning, skin problems	hazardous substances (cleaning and pest control chemicals, veterinary medicines, fuels, hazardous wastes, etc.)	 proper labeling, containers, and storage restrict access to chemical and hazardous waste storage train staff (handling hazardous substances and wastes; review MSDS / product information sheets) only competent staff should administer veterinary medicines ensure first aid kits are readily available PPEs (gloves, eye glasses) 	Farm Manager PCO
biological				
pathogens / infectious agents, toxins and other products	various infectious diseases, parasites, irritation	pathological materials / tissues sick animals animal excretions and fluids manure (wastewaters) Sludge veterinary wastes (especially	 proper disposal of animal and veterinary wastes (see Table 5) quarantine measures good housekeeping practices (disinfection) practice hygienic practices (especially hand hygiene) workers' regular health examination 	Veterinarians PCO
		sharps) potential disease carriers (objects, people, dust) insects, pests, vermin	 train staff (animal handling, proper waste handling and disposal) PPEs (gloves, etc) proper disposal of odorous wastes (see Table 5) 	Farm Personnel
		miscots, pests, veninin	 proper disposal of odorous wastes (see Table 5) good housekeeping practices keep an acceptable number of cats at the farm pest control 	PCO
ergonomic				E-ma M
ergonomic stress	ergonomic injuries	repetitive actions, forceful exertions, sustained awkward posture	 use aid of appropriate equipment for lifting/moving heavy objects use of proper lifting techniques buddy system job rotation / adequate rest (in between tasks) 	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
		improper use of equipment	- train staff (consult manuals)	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
		use of faulty equipment	- repair or replace equipment	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
	and contingencies			
slips, trips, falls	injuries, wounds, contusions	spills (slips) various objects, debris (trips) heights, slips (falls)	 proper maintenance of walkways daily safety briefings and regular trainings barricading of work areas PPEs 	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
entanglement	injuries, wounds, strangulation	machineries	 install machine guards tie back long hair wear long sleeve shirts avoid wearing loose-fitting clothes and personal accessories regular equipment inspection and maintenance 	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
blows, punctures	injuries, wounds, contusions	pig handling	 animal restraints ensure enough space to maneuver train staff (animal handling techniques) wear appropriate PPE (boots, gloves etc) 	Farm Personnel
Sharps	sharps injuries, wounds	veterinary activities, waste handling	 ensure only trained personnel conduct veterinary activities PPEs (gloves, goggles) 	Farm Manager PCO
fires	Burns	faulty electrical systems, explosions, fugitive gases, accidental ignition	 comply with requirements and regulations of fire authorities provide adequate and proper (multipurpose) fire protection equipment designate smoking areas away from digester, gas tanks, and electrical equipment and storage of combustible materials (compost, sludge, chemicals)) regular clearing of vegetation near farm structures signage and warnings train staff (on contingency plan and proper equipment use) regular inspection and maintenance of electrical systems and equipment 	Farm Manager Farm Personnel

blast b	blast injuries	excessive pressure in biodigester, fugitive gases, contained gases in confined spaces, fires	 keep sources of heat, including machineries, at a safe distance from biogas facility prohibit smoking and use of cellphones around biogas system and gas storage facilities regular inspection and maintenance of MRF signage and warnings consider the purchase of gas monitoring equipment 	Farm Manager Farm Personnel
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EXCELSIOR FARMS, INC. – BIOGAS PROJECT CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM (CDM) Methane Recovery and Combustion from Animal Waste Management System Stakeholders' Consultation

February 12, 2016

Name	Organization / Affiliation	Address	Contact Numbers	Signature
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Firmen il Bajd	na Readent	Dawage		B
Kathlyn Dizon	Resident	Pinamungajan	09420258169	Kdizon
Apple Jane Acasta	Resident	Piramungajan	09330449027	Copple
Angelica Cariman	, kedi sent	Pinamungajan	09936619060	Carifmand
Ma. Jugin Baring	Resident	Pinamungajan	09067837833	Al soning
Vor C. Diaz, M.	CBS	Malate	092024776ed7	- O
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EXCELSIOR FARMS, INC. – BIOGAS PROJECT CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM (CDM) Methane Recovery and Combustion from Animal Waste Management System Stakeholders' Consultation

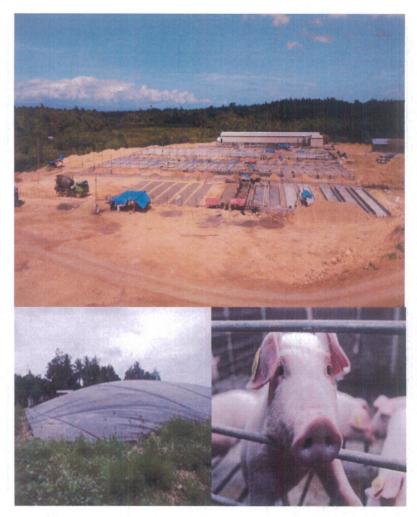
February 12, 2016

Name Organization / Affiliation		Address	Contact Numbers	Signature
Ching L. Ceniza	Resident	Pinamungajan,	09324767268	child terriza
Ella Jean L. Barkuatt	Resident	Pinamungojan, Cebu		
Hannah A. Esok	Resident	Pin amunga, an Cebu	09183013267	HORDAN ESOK
Jaharo Maep. Ga	attero Restalet	Pinamungajan Cebu	0922441765	Salehange
Rebebury Henrows	Excelsiv	Pinamungujan, Celsu	09179840538	Loonte
LOWELL LABOR	EXCELSIOR.	PINAMUNGAJAN	09178200380	fla
CHAD VILLAMIL	EXCESSION	P/NAMUNCAJAN	89067409684	(P)
Remifa Fasorrolo	Excelsior	Pinamungajan		lyfrzande

EXCELSIOR FARMS, INC. – BIOGAS PROJECT CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM (CDM) Methane Recovery and Combustion from Animal Waste Management System Stakeholders' Consultation

February 12, 2016

Name	Organization / Affiliation	Address	Contact Numbers	Signature
Marry June Gempisa	и LGU-Mun. Lqu. offi	a Pob. Rina. Ceby	09222539074	mart
Pernadette B. Ati	Municipal Health Office	pinamungajan, Cebu	09152496086	Aundin Cerif
Cormelita Yape	LGU- MUN. Agrico off.	Putay Pine, Ceby	0909 237 55 34	A
JULINS BRWIN ACDAS	LGU-SB WEMBEN	MANGOTO, PINA,	09473443746	ne-Jellee
A FONSO GONAS	n J.O	GUMBAWI-AN	09224951955	adonop
Josephine Benery		Pinamungijan, abu	09057719981	Jeleny
Jisélle Mae D.Déjita	L.G. M. Mun. Engr.	Depl. Pob.	09156356873	jml .
Murielle A. Davy		Pinamungajan, Cebu		Muriyuanamtarey



Stakeholders' Consultation

PROGRAM

Registration	1:30 - 2:00 pm
Opening Program	2:00 - 2:15 pm

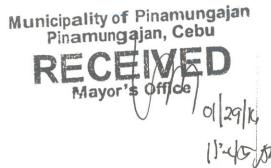
LANDBANK2:16 - 3:00 pmClimate Change and Clean
Development MechanismJose C. Diaz, Jr.
CES, EPMDCarbon Finance Support Facility.Amelito Segarra, Jr.
Program Officer, EPMD

Snacks 3:00 - 3:15 pm

BIOGAS Project Consultant/Biogas Supplier

Environmental Management	Farm Manager
Plan & Benefits	Excelsior Farms
OPEN FORUM Closing Remarks	4:00 – 5:00 pm

HON. GLENN F. BARICUATRO Municipal Mayor Poblacion, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039



Dear Sir:

Warm Greetings!

The Excelsior Farms, Inc., in cooperation with the Land Bank of the Philippines, will conduct a Stakeholder Consultation for the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) proposed Methane Recovery and Combustion System. This activity will be conducted on February 12, 2016, 1:00pm–5:00pm at 2nd Floor, Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

Key points on CDM and in-depth information on the project, such as Environmental Management Plan and Sustainable Development benefits, will be presented. An open forum will be held after the presentation to allow participants to raise inquiries and clarification on the proposed CDM project.

In this regard, we would like to invite a representative from your office to participate in the consultation. Attached is the agenda of the program.

Should you need more information or confirmation of your attendance, please feel free to contact us at tel. no(s). (032) 316-3864 or 0917-620-5598.

Hope to hear your favorable reply.



GINOONG JODJET L. MANGUILIMOTAN Punong Barangay Barangay Sacsac, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

Mahal naming Punong Barangay Jodjet L. Manguilimotan:

Pagbati!

Kami po sa Excelsior Farms Inc., sa pakikipag-ugnayan at pakikipagtulungan ng Land Bank of the Philippines, ay magdaraus ng isang pampublikong konsultasyon sa mga kinauukulan o stakeholders na malapit sa aming mga proyekto upang mapag-usapan ang plano naming pagtatayo ng Biogas Project. Ito po ay magaganap sa ika 12th ng buwang Pebrero, 2016 sa ganap na ala-una ng hapon (1:00pm) sa 2nd Floor, Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

Kasama po sa mga mahahalagang paksang pag-uusapan ay ang tungkol sa Clean Development Mechanism, Environmental Management Plan, at mga benepisyong maidudulot ng aming Biogas Project. Magkakaroon din po ng maiksing palitan ng mga kuro-kuro, suhestyon, paglilinaw at rekomendasyon patungkol sa nabanggit na proyekto.

Dahil po dito, kami po ay malugod na nag-aanyaya sainyo na dumalo sa mahalagang pagpupulong na ito. Kalakip sa liham na ito ay ang programa ng mga paksang paguusapan natin.

Maaari po kayong makipag-ugnayan sa amin sa telepono numero (032) 316-3864 o 0917-620-5598 para sa mga detalye ng nasabing konsultasyon.

KONSEHAL T-TIWL

Maraming Salamat po!

February 9, 2016

MR. BENITO FERNANDEZ Chairman, Agriculture Committee Municipality of Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

Dear Sir:

Warm Greetings!

The Excelsior Farms, Inc., in cooperation with the Land Bank of the Philippines, will conduct a Stakeholder Consultation for the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) proposed Methane Recovery and Combustion System. This activity will be conducted on February 12, 2016; 1:00pm-5:00pm at Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

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Hope to hear your favorable reply.

62-11-14

Ginoo/Ginang <u>BERNAL/N</u> BORLADO Barangay Sacsac Resident Sacsac, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

MS- BORLADO

Received: Bornorm Borato Rasalita aban 02-11-16 Leru Janand Casquei D, Judit Meto Paras LUPAOPATO, MARY JO YLANAM , NYMPHTA LELIA Q. REBUINA

Pagbati!

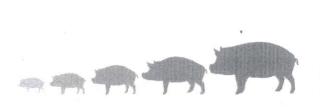
Ang Excelsior Farms, Inc. po sa pakikipag-ugnayan at pakikipagtulungan ng Land Bank of the Philippines, ay magdaraus ng isang pampublikong konsultasyon sa mga kinauukulan o stakeholders na malapit sa aming proyekto upang mapag-usapan ang plano naming pagtatayo ng Biogas Project. Ito po ay gaganapin sa Pebrero 12, 2016, sa ganap na ala-una ng hapon (1:00pm) sa 2nd Floor, Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

Kasama po sa mga mahahalagang paksang pag-uusapan ay ang tungkol sa Clean Development Mechanism (CDM), Environmental Management Plan, at mga benepisyong maidudulot ng aming Biogas Project. Magkakaroon din po ng maiksing palitan ng mga kuro-kuro, suhestyon, paglilinaw at rekomendasyon patungkol sa nabanggit na proyekto.

Dahil po dito, malugod naming kayong inaanyayahan na dumalo sa nasabing konsultasyon o pagtitipon. Kalakip sa liham na ito ay ang programa ng mga paksang paguusapan natin.

Maaari po kayong makipag-ugnayan sa amin sa telepono numero (032) 316-3864 o 0917-620-5598 para sa mga detalye ng nasabing konsultasyon.

Maraming Salamat po!



NOTICE OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION

To All Concerned Stakeholders:

Stakeholder consultation on the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) project/ Proposed Methane Recovery and Combustion System (Biogas Project) to be conducted on:

DATE	0 0	FEBRUARY 12, 2016
TIME	0 0	1:00PM – 5:00PM
VENUE	0	MUNICIPAL HALL, PINAMUNGAJAN, CEBU

Received by

EXCELSIOR FARMS INC. 3/F Chua - Tiam Bidg. A del Rosario St. Guizo Mandaue City Cebu

NOTICE OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION

To All Concerned Stakeholders:

Stakeholder consultation on the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) project/ Proposed Methane Recovery and Combustion System (Biogas Project) to be conducted on:

DATE	0 0	FEBRUARY 12, 2016
TIME	0 0	1:00PM – 5:00PM
VENUE	0	MUNICIPAL HALL, PINAMUNGAJAN, CEBU

XCELSIOR FARMS INC. hua - Tiam Bidg. A del Rosario St. Guizo Mandaue City Cebu

The Municipal Environmental and Natural Resources Officer Municipality of Pinamungajan Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

Dear Sir/Madam:

Warm Greetings!

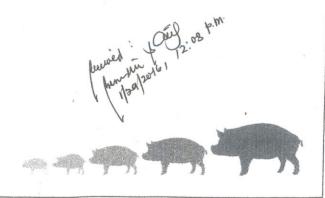
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Should you need more information or confirmation of your attendance, please feel free to contact us at tel. no(s). (032) 316-3864 or 0917-620-5598.

Hope to hear your favorable reply.



THE MUNICIPAL HEALTH OFFICER Municipality of Pinamungajan, Cebu Poblacion, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

Dear Sir/Madam:

Warm Greetings!

The Excelsior Farms, Inc., in cooperation with the Land Bank of the Philippines, will conduct a Stakeholder Consultation for the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) proposed Methane Recovery and Combustion System. This activity will be conducted on February 12, 2016, 1:00pm-5:00pm at 2nd Floor, Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

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Hope to hear your favorable reply.

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THE MUNICIPAL AGRICULTURAL OFFICER (MAO) Municipality of Pinamungajan Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu 6039

Dear Sir/Madam:

Warm Greetings!

The Excelsior Farms, Inc. in cooperation with the Land Bank of the Philippines, will conduct a Stakeholder Consultation for our proposed Biogas Project on February 12, 2016, 1:00pm-5:00pm at 2nd Floor, Municipal Hall, Pinamungajan, Cebu.

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Should you need more information or confirmation of your attendance, please feel free to contact us at tel. no(s). (032) 316-3864 or 0917-620-5598.

Hope to hear your favorable reply.



REGISTRATION OF PARTICIPANTS

- Registration of participants was opened at 1:30PM. Actual conduct of Stakeholders' Consultation activity was started 3:00PM to allow for the arrival and attendance of as many participants as possible.
- 2. Thirteen (13) community members from Pinamungajan, Cebu attended the activity. These are mostly residents of various *sitios* in Barangay Sacsac, where the piggery farm of Excelsior Farms, Inc. is located.
- 3. Ms. Mary Jane Gempisan and Ms. Carmelita Yape represented the Municipal Agricultural office of the local government of Pinamungajan.
- 4. Ms. Jiselle Mae Dejito represented the Municipal Engineering Department of the local government of Pinamungajan.
- 5. Ms. Bernadette Atil represented the Municipal Health Office of the local government of Pinamungajan.
- 6. Mr. Julius Erwin Aldas, Municipal Councilor, also attended as one of the representatives of the local government of Pinamungajan.
- 7. Attendees from Land Bank of the Philippines included the following:
 - a.) Mr. Jaime S. Cruz AO, LBP Cebu LC; and
 - b.) Mr. Jose C. Diaz, Jr. and Mr. Amelito L. Segarra Jr. Program Officers, EPMD;
- 8. Total attendance to the activity is twenty-six (26) pax, including employees and representatives for Excelsior Farms, Inc..

OPENING PROGRAM

- 9. Mr. Rebeboy Hervas of who also acted as emcee for the event, opened the proceedings with a general introduction and prayer.
- 10. The Hon. Glenn Baricuatro, Municipal Mayor, was called on to deliver a short message for the attendees of the Stakeholders Consultation. He stated that Excelsior Farms, Inc. is investing a sizable amount of capital in putting up the piggery farm in Pinamungajan, which represents livelihood and employment opportunities for the municipality and its constituents. He reminded the audience that the forum is a way for knowing more about Excelsior Farms, Inc., and of understanding the opportunities as well as possible issues which may come with this new development in the municipality. In closing, Mayor Baricuatro thanked the farm owners and LBP for facilitating this activity that will give clear information about the biogas project and answer the issues and concerns of his constituents.

Note: Mayor Baricuatro left the event immediately after giving his opening message, before his attendance could be formally taken.

ABOUT THE CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM (CDM) AND CARBON FINANCE SUPPORT FACILITY (CFSF)

- 11. Mr. Jose Diaz, Jr. discussed topics on Climate Change and CDM; and Mr. Amelito Segarra Jr. presented Landbanks' CFSF.
- 12. The following were the highlights of the topics presented:
 - a.) The general overview of the CDM process to be implemented by LBP with the World Bank (WB), as regards validation to Carbon Credits, issuance of CERs (emission reduction certificates), and the corresponding trading of the certificates for these CERs at the negotiated carbon market price with WB;
 - b.) The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and Kyoto Protocol, as that which gave rise to the CDM---- were mentioned to participants to explain why outside institutions (i.e. WB) and several developed countries are interested in 'purchasing' Carbon Credits or CERs from developing nations;
 - c.) Basic concepts on Climate Change and Greenhouse Gas emissions, in relation to Global Warming and its perceived effects, were also discussed;
 - d.) Carbon Credits and issuance of CERs were emphasized to require accurate and regular reporting of methane gas production data from operating biogas digesters, and validation and documentation of the reported data by designated authorities;
 - e.) LBP as a government institution not only with a mandate for countryside development, but with a clear vision for ensuring and implementing environmental compliance and environmental protection initiatives;
 - f.) LBP to provide institutional assistance as regards CDM validation processes and required documentation, and technical assistance.

The following are the highlights of his presentation:

- a.) Definition and Objectives of an EMP.
- b.) Impacts identified in the operation of a piggery farm:
 - Pig manure;
 - Foul odor;
 - Wastewater emission.
- c.) Prevention/Mitigation of Impacts: Pig Manure.
 - Implementation of 'Dry Cleaning System' in design and cleaning of pighouses at the farm;
 - Biogas digester facility as main system for handling pig manure (and wastewater) from pighouses;
 - Dried sludge from treatment of animal manure to be used as fertilizer for agronomic and horticultural crops.
- d.) Prevention/Mitigation of Impacts: Foul odor.
 - Biogas digester facility as main system for mitigation of foul odor generated wastewater from pighouses;
 - Biogas generated to be 'trapped' and directed to a combustion engine to be converted to electricity for use at farm operations.

- e.) Prevention/Mitigation of Impacts: Wastewater.
 - Biogas digester facility as main system for handling and treatment of wastewater from pighouses;
 - Post-treatment ponds integrated in design of biogas digester facility, ensuring effective treatment of wastewater;
 - Treated wastewater will be discharged back to the pighouses (for reuse);

OPEN FORUM/ISSUES AND CONCERNS

14. The participants were then given the chance to raise questions, issues, or concerns regarding the Biogas System project at Excelsior Farms, Inc. in Barangay Sacsac.

Questions, Issues, or Concerns Raised	Responses Provided
Ms. Josephine Benoya, a resident of Barangay Sacsac, inquired if in the event of cooking food using methane gas for fuel, will there be any effect on the quality of the food being cooked (i.e. will the methane gas alter the composition of food being cooked, because	Emmanuel Caintic, DVM, of Excelsior Farms, Inc. responded that cooking with methane gas as fuel source does not alter the quality of food being cooked. He explained that it is essentially similar to ordinary cooking, and use of methane has no altering 'chemical' effect on the composition of food being cooked.
methane gas is used?)?	For the record, Mr. Caintic also clarified that methane gas generated from the biogas system to be constructed at the farm will not be used as fuel source for direct cooking processes. He said that the methane gas generated will be converted to electric energy as power source for farm operations.
Mr. Rebeboy Hervas of Excelsior Farms, Inc. directed this question at LBP Program Officers during the discussion: What will happen in the event that Excelsior Farms, Inc. does not get included into the CDM Program?	Mr. Amelito Segarra Jr., Program Officer of LBP, responded as thus: If, for whatever reason, Excelsior farms, Inc. does not get included into the CDM program, this will not affect the business relationship and/or ongoing transactions between the farm management and LBP, as long as Excelsior Farms, Inc. continues to comply with the requirements (environmental, legal, administrative, etc.) set by LBP related to whatever dealings or transactions between the two parties.

- 15. After the Open Forum, Mr. Jose Diaz Jr., of LBP-EPMD, enjoined the community members to help in dispelling any misinformation that may be encountered outside of the Stakeholders' Consultation activity, and help spread correct information more about the positive aspects and benefits expected from the biogas system project to be built and operated at Excelsior Farms, Inc.
- 16. The municipal officials and barangay community residents expressed their general agreement and support for the biogas project

CLOSING REMARKS

17. Mr. Rebeboy Hervas of Excelsior Farms, Inc. and emcee of the event, formally closed the proceedings by delivering some short closing remarks. He duly thanked participants of this activity, especially the community members of Barangay Sacsac, for taking the time and effort to attend and actively join in the discussions. The Stakeholders' Consultation activity was then formally ended at 5:00PM of the same day.

Prepared by:

AMELITO SEGARRA JR.

Program officer Environmental Program and Management Department Land Bank of the Philippines

Photos, NOTICE OF PUBLIC CONSULTATION









Appendix D. Site Evacuation Plan



CPA 21 Point Persons:

Farm Manager: Pollution Control Officer: Biodigester Supplier: Alterna Verde

Local Emergency Contact Details:

Pinamungahan Police Station: 032 468 9911 Pinamungahan Fire Marshal: 032 468 9072, 513 2698 Dr. Jose Ma. V. Borromeo Memorial District Hospital: 032 468 9264